

<b>Programme</b>	BS Computational Statistics and Data Analytics	<b>Course Code</b>	<b>CSTA-402</b>	<b>Credit Hours</b>	3
<b>Course Title</b>	Industrial Statistics				
<b>Course Introduction</b>					
Industrial Statistics: This course focuses on statistical methods applied in industrial settings for quality control, process optimization, and decision-making. Topics include control charts, process capability analysis, and reliability analysis relevant to manufacturing and production industries.					
<b>Learning Outcomes</b>					
By the end of this course, students will be able to:					
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Understand the basics of quality management and its key concepts.</li> <li>2. Apply various techniques for continuous process improvement.</li> <li>3. Develop and critically analyze statistical control charts.</li> <li>4. Gain knowledge of different types of sampling plans and quality management systems.</li> </ol>					
<b>Course Content</b>					<b>Assignments/Readings</b>
<b>Week 1</b>	<b>Unit – I</b> Defining Quality: Understanding the concept of quality and its importance in various industries Exploring different perspectives and views of quality from the customer, manufacturer, and societal viewpoints				
	<b>Unit – II</b> Dimensions of Quality: Introduction to various dimensions of quality such as performance, reliability, durability, and serviceability Discussion on how these dimensions contribute to overall product or service quality				
<b>Week 2</b>	<b>Unit – III</b> Eras of Quality Management: Overview of the historical evolution of quality management from inspection-based to total quality management (TQM) approaches Understanding the key characteristics and principles of each era				
	<b>Unit – IV</b> Introduction to Total Quality Management				
<b>Week 3</b>	<b>Unit – V</b> Basic Concepts of TQM: Introduction to key concepts such as customer focus, continuous improvement, and employee empowerment in TQM				

	Understanding the purpose and objectives of implementing TQM in organizations	
	<p align="center"><b>Unit – VI</b></p> Purpose of TQM: Exploring the goals and objectives of TQM in improving organizational performance and customer satisfaction Discussion on how TQM contributes to competitiveness and long-term success	
<b>Week 4</b>	<p align="center"><b>Unit – VII</b></p> Benefits of TQM	
	<p align="center"><b>Unit – VIII</b></p> Framework of TQM: Overview of the TQM framework, including key elements such as customer focus, process improvement, and measurement and analysis Discussion on the role of leadership and organizational culture in implementing TQM	
<b>Week 5</b>	<p align="center"><b>Unit – IX</b></p> Implementation of TQM	
	<p align="center"><b>Unit – X</b></p> Barriers to TQM implementation	
<b>Week 6</b>	<p align="center"><b>Unit – XI</b></p> Introduction of Statistical Process Control	
	<p align="center"><b>Unit – XII</b></p> Statistical Control Charts	
<b>Week 7</b>	<p align="center"><b>Unit – XIII</b></p> Statistical basis of the Control Chart	
	<p align="center"><b>Unit – XIV</b></p> Steps in the development of control charts	
<b>Week 8</b>	<p align="center"><b>Unit – XV</b></p> Types of control charts	
	<p align="center"><b>Unit – XVI</b></p> Process Capability	
<b>Week 9</b>	<p align="center"><b>Unit – XVII</b></p> Acceptance Sampling	
	<p align="center"><b>Unit – XVIII</b></p> Introduction of Lot by lot Acceptance Sampling for attributes	
<b>Week 10</b>	<p align="center"><b>Unit – XIX</b></p> Environmental Management System: ISO 14000 series of Standards	
	<p align="center"><b>Unit – XX</b></p> Requirements of ISO 140000	
<b>Week 11</b>	<p align="center"><b>Unit – XXI</b></p> Implementation of ISO 14001:	

	Strategies and best practices for implementing ISO 14001 standard in organizations Steps involved in establishing an EMS and achieving ISO 14001 certification	
	<b>Unit – XXII</b> Benefits of ISO 14001: Identification and analysis of the benefits and advantages of implementing ISO 14001 standard Case studies and examples demonstrating the positive impact of ISO 14001 certification on environmental performance and corporate reputation	
<b>Week 12</b>	<b>Unit – XXIII</b> Basic principles of experimental design used in Industry	
	<b>Unit – XXIV</b> Completely randomized	
<b>Week 13</b>	<b>Unit – XXV</b> Randomized Complete Block and Latin Square Designs	
	<b>Unit – XXVI</b> Descriptions	
<b>Week 14</b>	<b>Unit – XXVII</b> Layout of Experimental Designs: Guidelines and considerations for setting up and conducting experiments using different design layouts Understanding the factors influencing the layout and organization of experimental treatments	
	<b>Unit – XXVIII</b> Statistical analysis	
<b>Week 15</b>	<b>Unit – XXIX</b> Advantages and limitations of these designs	
	<b>Unit – XXX</b> Application of these designs (Analysis of all these designs for single observation in each cell).	
<b>Week 16</b>	<b>Unit – XXXI</b> Review and Applications: Recap of key concepts and techniques	
	<b>Unit – XXXII</b> Solving practical problems and case studies	
<b>Textbooks and Reading Material</b>		

**Textbooks:**

1. Besterfield, D.H., Michna, C.B., Besterfield, G.H., & Sacre, M.B. (2003). *Total Quality Management* (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.). Pearson Education.
2. Montgomery, D.C. (2019). *Statistical Quality Control* (8<sup>th</sup> ed.). John Wiley & Sons, New York.
3. Cochran, W.C., & Cox, G.M. (1992). *Experimental Design* (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.). John Wiley and Sons, New York.
4. Montgomery, D.C. (2012). *Design and Analysis of Experiments*, John Wiley & Sons, New York.

**Suggested Readings:**

1. Evans, J.R., & Lindsay, W.M. (2005). *The Management and Control of Quality* (6<sup>th</sup> ed.). Thomson South-Western.
2. Grant, E.L., & Leaven-worth, R.S. (2016). *Statistical Quality Control Handbook* (9<sup>th</sup> ed.). McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York.
3. James, P. (1996). *Total quality management*. Prentice Hall.
4. Oakland, J.S. (2003). *Total Quality Management* (3<sup>rd</sup> ed.). Butterworth-Heinemann.

**Teaching Learning Strategies**

Class Lecture method, which includes seminars, discussions, assignments and projects. (Audio-visual tools are used where necessary)

**Assignments: Types and Number with Calendar**

According to the choice of respective teacher.

**Assessment**

Sr. No.	Elements	Weightage	Details
1.	Midterm Assessment	35%	It takes place at the mid-point of the semester.
2.	Formative Assessment	25%	It is continuous assessment. It includes: Classroom participation, attendance, assignments, and presentations, homework, attitude and behavior, hands-on-activities, short tests, quizzes etc.
3.	Final Assessment	40%	It takes place at the end of the semester. It is mostly in the form of a test, but owing to the nature of the course the teacher may assess their students based on term paper, research proposal development, field work and report writing etc.